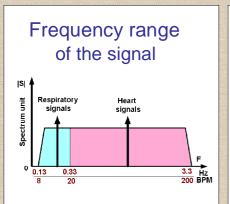
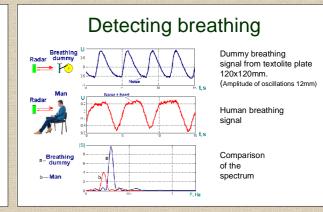
Remote Life-sign Detection: movement breathing heartbeat

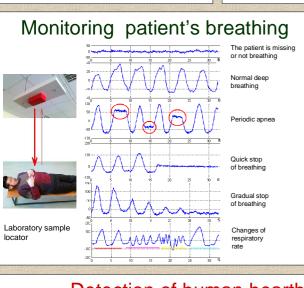
Basic idea:

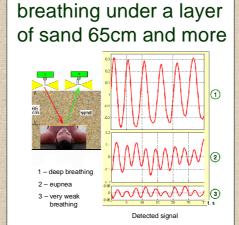
The device is based on the impulse radar sensor that sends short, low energy electromagnetic pulses and receives the reflected pulses from the medium being monitored. Using original digital signal processing methods, it is possible to distinguish signals related to cardiac and respiratory movements.



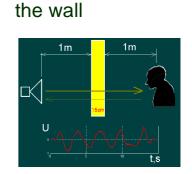
Human movement detection The man in the area of the radar sensor a) Slowly passed b) Quickly ran c) Two people passed







Detection of human

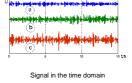


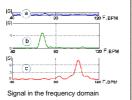
Detection of human

breathing behind

Detection of human heartbeat

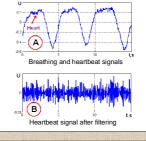


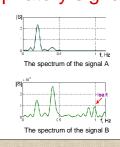




- a) No life-sign in the controlled area
- b) Only a calm heart in a controlled area (no breathing)
- c) Only a heart after 20 squats in a controlled area (no breathing)

Detection of human heartbeat on the background of the respiratory signal



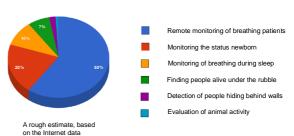


Geography studies: development centers of bioradars and similar



Carvia,
Germany,
Russia,
China,
Japan,
USA,
England,
Sweden,
Canada,
Lithuania

Existing and potential market







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- 2) Latvian National research program SOPHIS (grant agreement N210-4/VPP-4/11)